

The University of Texas at Tyler
Department of Electrical Engineering

Course: EENG 3306: Electronic Circuit Analysis I (Required)

Syllabus

Catalog Description:

Generalized amplifier models; two-port networks applications of operational amplifiers; non-ideal characteristics of operational amplifiers; electrical characteristics, small-signal models and applications of diodes; bipolar junction transistors, and FETS; amplifier analysis and design; limitations of small-signal models.

Prerequisites:

EENG 3304 (Linear Circuits Analysis I); EENG 3104 (Linear Circuits Analysis I Laboratory), CHEM 1311 (General Chemistry I) and CHEM 1111 (General Chemistry I Laboratory)

Credits:

3 (3 hours lecture, 0 hours laboratory per week)

Text(s):

Microelectronic circuits, 7th Edition, by Sedra and Smith (Oxford University Press, ISBN 9780199339136, 2014).

Additional Material:

NI Multisim Software

Course Coordinator:

Fatemeh Kalantari, PhD

Topics Covered: (paragraph of topics separated by semicolons)

Generalized amplifier models; applications of operational amplifiers; non-ideal characteristics of operational amplifiers; electrical characteristics, small-signal models and applications of diodes; small-signal models and applications of bipolar junction transistors; small-signal models and applications of FETS; amplifier analysis and design; h -parameter representations of amplifiers; distortion and limitation of small-signal models.

Evaluation Methods: (only items in dark print apply):

1. Examinations / Quizzes
2. Homework
3. Report/paper
4. Computer Programming
5. Project
6. Presentation
7. Course Participation
8. Peer Review

Course Learning Outcomes¹: By the end of this course students will be able to:

1. Analyze dc electronic circuits (including resistance, independent sources, and dependent sources) using basic circuit-analysis techniques (Kirchhoff's Laws, Ohm's Law, Thevenin- and Norton-equivalent circuits).
2. Analyze ac electronic circuits (including resistance, capacitance, self- and mutual inductance, independent sources, and dependent sources) using basic circuit-analysis techniques. (Kirchhoff's Laws, Ohm's Law, Thevenin- and Norton-equivalent circuits, phasor transform).
3. Compute the time-domain response of a linear network to a periodic, non-sinusoidal signal using superposition and the Fourier series.
4. Analyze linear electronic circuits using the four basic amplifier models (voltage, current, transconductance, and transimpedance).
5. Analyze electrical circuits represented by two-port parameters.
6. Analyze circuits using operational amplifiers including the limitations imposed by non-ideal electrical characteristics.
7. Design diode-application circuits—e.g., rectifiers, clipping circuits, and Zener-diode voltage regulators.
8. Use the operational principles and electrical characteristics of bipolar junction transistors (BJTs) to determine the quiescent operating point of a BJT.
9. Use the operational principles and electrical characteristics of bipolar junction transistors to derive appropriate small-signal models.

10. Use the operational principles and electrical characteristics of MOSFETs to determine the quiescent operating point of an enhancement-mode MOSFET.
11. Use the operational principles and electrical characteristics of MOSFETs to derive the appropriate small-signal model.
12. Analyze transistor amplifiers using midband small-signal models.
13. Calculate the limits of small-signal operation of diodes, bipolar transistors, and MOSFETs from their V-I characteristics.

¹Numbers in brackets refer to method(s) used to evaluate the course learning outcome.

Relationship to Student Outcomes (only items in dark print apply)²: This course supports the following Electrical Engineering Student Outcomes, which state that our students will possess:

1. An ability to identify, formulate, and solve complex engineering problems by applying principles of engineering, science, and mathematics [1,2,4,5,6,12].
2. An ability to apply engineering design to produce solutions that meet specified needs with consideration of public health, safety, and welfare, as well as global, cultural, social, environmental, and economic factors [7,3, 9,11].
3. An ability to communicate effectively with a range of audiences.
4. An ability to recognize ethical and professional responsibilities in engineering situations and make informed judgments, which must consider the impact of engineering solutions in global, economic, environmental, and societal contexts.
5. an ability to function effectively on a team whose members together provide leadership, create a collaborative and inclusive environment, establish goals, plan tasks, and meet objectives
6. An ability to develop and conduct appropriate experimentation, analyze and interpret data, and use engineering judgment to draw conclusions [13].
7. An ability to acquire and apply new knowledge as needed, using appropriate learning strategies. [8,10].

²Numbers in brackets refer to course learning outcome(s) that address the Program Outcome.

Contribution to Meeting Professional Component: (in semester hours)

Mathematics and Basic Sciences:		hours
Engineering Sciences and Design:	3	hours
General Education Component:		hours

Grade Replacement:

If you are repeating this course for a grade replacement, you must file an intent to receive grade forgiveness with the registrar by the 12th day of class. Failure to file an intent to use grade forgiveness will result in both the original and repeated grade being used to calculate your overall grape point average. A student will receive grade forgiveness (grade replacement) for only three (undergraduate student) or two (graduate student) course repeats during his/her career at UT Tyler. (2006-08 Catalog, p. 35)

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