

It's that time of year-students have headed back to school! This issue of our Hibbs Outlook newsletter focuses on education and its relationship to income. This is one issue you will want to give to your own students, your grandchildren or neighbor children and send to teachers everywhere.

Generally, the more education, the greater a person's income. Chart 1 below shows the proportions (which can also be interpreted as probabilities) of workers earning more as educational attainment increases. Chart 2 on the next page shows median lifetime earnings by educational attainment. Charts $3-5$ show average earnings by occupation for East Texas* and the predicted growth in demand for each occupation through 2026.

Chart 1 (to the right) shows for 2016 how higher levels of education for U.S. workers ages 35 to 44-an age group in which most have finished school and are in full career development-lead to higher annual earnings.

For example, $52 \%$ of workers with advanced graduate degrees earn more than $\$ 80,000$ (dark blue portion of far right column), and sometimes much more. Only 9\% of workers with a high school diploma earn that much each year.

Note that $59 \%$ of workers with a four-year bachelor's degree earn $\$ 60,000$ or more (sum of dark blue and medium blue for bachelor's degree).

[^0]Chart 1. Distribution of Full-Time, Year-Round U.S. Workers Ages 35 to 44 by Education Level and Annual Income, 2016


[^1]
## UT <br> SOULES COLLEGE of <br> TYLER BUSINESS

Hibbs Institute for Business and Economic Research

Differences in annual income add up over a lifetime of working. On average, those with a four-year university degree earn about $\$ 1$ million more during their lifetimes than those stopping with a high school diploma. The University degree advantage over a two-year junior college associate's degree (or some college) amounts to an extra \$541,000 (2009 dollars).

Chart 2. Lifetime Earnings by Educational Attainment, 2009 Dollars


Source: A.P. Carnevale, S.J. Rose, and B. Cheah; "The College Payoff: Education, Occupations, Lifetime Earnings," The Georgetown University Center on Education and the Workforce, 2011.
"It's not only about the money!" some will say and, of course, they are right. Other factors come into play when discussing careers. Job satisfaction matters, for example. According to the Employee Job Satisfaction Engagement Report, an excellent survey on this topic, a higher salary and benefits are only the beginning of job satisfaction, not the end. People are happier doing something they truly like, and something they think is valuable to others, all else equal. We think of all those graduation speeches where students are exhorted to follow their passions.

In the same respected survey, developed by the Society for Human Resource Management, certain other important factors affecting workplace satisfaction are noted. These are company-specific. Respondents say that respect is the highest rated characteristic a workplace (company, church, government or other organization) can give its workers. Next on their list are trust, security, healthy environment, and career path. These important job satisfaction characteristics have to do with specific company policies and particular jobs or occupations and are essential subjects for inquiry by graduates during job interviews.

Some careers require a great deal of education or training (8-10 years for a physician, for example), so any extra up-front investment costs should be considered, too. Some careers are physically safer than others (night taxi driving and steel workers on tall skyscrapers come to mind on the negative side of the scale). Still other careers require more repetitive daily tasks, while some occupations offer a variety of problems to solve daily. Rarely mentioned in any formal way to young students are certain extra benefits associated with careers that involve university degrees. Some of these benefits include much lower rates of unemployment in difficult economic times and even such personal and social benefits as lower divorce and reduced incarceration rates.

Hibbs Institute for Business and Economic Research


## Annual Earnings by Occupation in East Texas

Charts 3, 4 and 5, provide both average annual earnings, entry level earnings (i.e., starting pay) and projected job growth for occupations in East Texas. Out of 457 occupations (at the 5-digit SIC code level), we could fit in this published edition of Hibbs Outlook only 110 of those. Chart $\mathbf{3}$ presents the top 30 in terms of earnings; Chart 5 presents the bottom 30 occupations; and Chart 4 presents 50 selected occupations from the middle-earning 396 that the authors thought would be of most interest to East Texans. Please visit our website to see the electronic version of this newsletter with all 457 occupations presented.

Chart 3 lists 30 top-paying East Texas employment categories in 2017. The second column of figures shows the entry level salary for each occupation, while the next two columns provide corresponding averages for the state of Texas and the nation. The last column gives the total projected job growth through 2026 for each occupation.

Chart 3. 30 Best Paid Occupations in East Texas, Out of 457 (Annual Earnings)

|  | Occupation | East Texas <br> (Average) | East Texas <br> (Entry Level) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Texas } \\ & \text { (Average) } \end{aligned}$ | USA (Average) | Projected <br> Growth* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Physicians and Surgeons | \$223,200 | \$98,600 | \$207,400 | \$214,900 | 12.8\% |
| 2 | Chief Executives | \$152,900 | \$75,900 | \$233,300 | \$196,100 | -3.9\% |
| 3 | Podiatrists | \$152,100 | \$42,200 | \$167,100 | \$148,500 | 10.3\% |
| 4 | Architectural and Engineering Managers | \$150,300 | \$100,300 | \$170,200 | \$146,300 | 5.5\% |
| 5 | Dentists | \$147,800 | \$97,900 | \$178,400 | \$180,800 | 19.1\% |
| 6 | Pharmacists | \$141,300 | \$94,600 | \$126,500 | \$121,700 | 5.6\% |
| 7 | Nurse Anesthetists | \$141,100 | \$94,200 | \$152,500 | \$169,500 | 16.2\% |
| 8 | Petroleum Engineers | \$135,600 | \$64,300 | \$170,500 | \$154,800 | 15.2\% |
| 9 | Mining and Geological Engineers | \$129,100 | \$56,300 | \$148,600 | \$103,700 | 8.2\% |
| 10 | Marketing and Sales Managers | \$128,800 | \$64,100 | \$148,100 | \$140,600 | 8.4\% |
| 11 | Chemical Engineers | \$126,100 | \$72,500 | \$145,700 | \$112,400 | 7.5\% |
| 12 | Optometrists | \$119,800 | \$65,700 | \$119,000 | \$119,100 | 17.9\% |
| 13 | Computer and Information Systems Managers | \$118,900 | \$73,500 | \$160,500 | \$149,700 | 12.0\% |
| 14 | Purchasing Managers | \$118,400 | \$66,000 | \$133,800 | \$121,800 | 5.5\% |
| 15 | Financial Managers | \$118,200 | \$64,100 | \$151,200 | \$143,500 | 18.7\% |
| 16 | General and Operations Managers | \$113,800 | \$44,100 | \$135,500 | \$123,500 | 9.1\% |
| 17 | Aircraft Pilots and Flight Engineers | \$113,500 | \$62,500 | \$167,400 | \$137,800 | 3.5\% |
| 18 | Natural Sciences Managers | \$112,800 | \$65,500 | \$133,900 | \$133,700 | 9.9\% |
| 19 | Training and Development Managers | \$112,500 | \$61,900 | \$133,100 | \$117,700 | 10.3\% |
| 20 | Public Relations and Fundraising Managers | \$112,200 | \$56,800 | \$131,300 | \$127,700 | 10.4\% |
| 21 | Aerospace Engineers | \$110,200 | \$71,900 | \$117,300 | \$115,300 | 6.1\% |
| 22 | Compensation and Benefits Managers | \$107,300 | \$60,900 | \$125,100 | \$130,000 | 5.0\% |
| 23 | Industrial Production Managers | \$106,300 | \$64,400 | \$121,900 | \$110,600 | -0.5\% |
| 24 | Nurse Practitioners | \$106,300 | \$82,900 | \$111,300 | \$107,500 | 36.1\% |
| 25 | Miscellaneous Engineers | \$104,300 | \$64,800 | \$114,600 | \$99,300 | 6.4\% |
| 26 | Human Resources Managers | \$104,200 | \$61,500 | \$134,100 | \$123,500 | 9.1\% |
| 27 | Sales Engineers | \$104,100 | \$61,500 | \$107,800 | \$107,000 | 6.9\% |
| 28 | Computer Hardware Engineers | \$103,300 | \$65,700 | \$113,400 | \$119,700 | 5.5\% |
| 29 | Electrical and Electronics Engineers | \$101,900 | \$66,800 | \$109,800 | \$102,600 | 6.5\% |
| 30 | Management Analysts | \$101,500 | \$48,200 | \$98,900 | \$93,400 | 14.3\% |

*Projected Growth Change 2016-2026; Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor. Source: Occupational Wages, JobsEQ, 2017 data, 23 Counties in East Texas.

Hibbs Institute for Business and Economic Research

| Occupation | East Texas <br> (Average) | East Texas <br> (Entry Level) | Texas <br> (Average) | USA <br> (Average) | Projected Growth* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transportation, Storage, \& Dist. Managers | \$100,400 | \$59,900 | \$104,400 | \$100,700 | 6.7\% |
| Veterinarians | \$97,600 | \$62,400 | \$109,900 | \$101,500 | 18.8\% |
| Physician Assistants | \$97,000 | \$63,400 | \$95,900 | \$104,800 | 37.3\% |
| Actuaries | \$93,900 | \$49,200 | \$112,400 | \$114,900 | 22.5\% |
| Civil Engineers | \$93,500 | \$58,600 | \$100,400 | \$91,800 | 10.6\% |
| Advertising and Promotions Managers | \$92,900 | \$38,900 | \$107,000 | \$123,900 | 5.5\% |
| Mathematicians | \$87,300 | \$46,200 | \$105,900 | \$104,700 | 29.7\% |
| Construction Managers | \$86,700 | \$52,900 | \$100,300 | \$101,000 | 11.1\% |
| Economists | \$85,500 | \$48,600 | \$102,400 | \$112,700 | 6.3\% |
| Financial Examiners | \$79,400 | \$46,800 | \$93,200 | \$91,800 | 9.8\% |
| Education Administrators | \$76,600 | \$50,600 | \$87,400 | \$94,700 | 9.2\% |
| Credit Counselors and Loan Officers | \$75,400 | \$39,600 | \$83,300 | \$75,200 | 11.6\% |
| Accountants and Auditors | \$73,200 | \$42,200 | \$81,300 | \$77,900 | 10.0\% |
| Chiropractors | \$71,400 | \$38,600 | \$77,800 | \$83,400 | 12.5\% |
| Dental Hygienists | \$69,800 | \$55,900 | \$74,000 | \$74,700 | 19.7\% |
| Statisticians | \$68,000 | \$40,300 | \$80,200 | \$89,000 | 33.8\% |
| Farmers, Ranchers, and Other Agricultural Managers | \$67,600 | \$28,100 | \$78,300 | \$80,300 | -0.8\% |
| Sales Representatives, Wholesale and Manufacturing | \$63,100 | \$32,300 | \$77,300 | \$72,500 | 5.2\% |
| Geological and Petroleum Technicians | \$62,700 | \$30,100 | \$68,600 | \$63,500 | 16.4\% |
| Registered Nurses | \$61,800 | \$46,700 | \$72,100 | \$73,600 | 14.8\% |
| Real Estate Brokers and Sales Agents | \$60,900 | \$24,200 | \$74,100 | \$63,200 | 5.6\% |
| Physical Therapist Assistants and Aides | \$60,000 | \$37,000 | \$52,400 | \$46,400 | 30.4\% |
| Food Service Managers | \$55,600 | \$31,700 | \$63,100 | \$57,300 | 9.0\% |
| Flight Attendants | \$54,600 | \$34,200 | \$55,100 | \$52,700 | 10.2\% |
| Human Resources Workers | \$54,000 | \$32,500 | \$67,300 | \$66,100 | 5.2\% |
| Secondary School Teachers (High School) | \$49,700 | \$37,900 | \$58,000 | \$62,700 | 7.5\% |
| Police Officers | \$49,500 | \$34,700 | \$62,400 | \$64,500 | 7.0\% |
| Elementary and Middle School Teachers | \$47,500 | \$37,500 | \$56,700 | \$60,900 | 7.4\% |
| Social Workers | \$47,200 | \$34,800 | \$49,800 | \$51,600 | 16.1\% |
| Firefighters | \$45,500 | \$28,400 | \$53,500 | \$51,900 | 7.2\% |
| Electricians | \$43,600 | \$30,400 | \$49,300 | \$57,900 | 8.9\% |
| Sociologists | \$42,400 | \$26,200 | \$43,500 | \$86,100 | 1.3\% |
| Paralegals and Legal Assistants | \$41,300 | \$28,800 | \$54,900 | \$53,900 | 14.6\% |
| Pipelayers, Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Steamfitters | \$40,800 | \$28,200 | \$46,900 | \$55,800 | 15.8\% |
| Brickmasons, Blockmasons, and Stonemasons | \$40,300 | \$29,900 | \$43,000 | \$51,300 | 10.9\% |
| Heating, Air Conditioning, Refrigeration Mech. \& Inst. | \$40,000 | \$30,000 | \$45,400 | \$49,500 | 14.7\% |
| Construction Equipment Operators | \$38,700 | \$28,300 | \$40,800 | \$50,900 | 12.3\% |
| Preschool and Kindergarten Teachers | \$38,100 | \$26,700 | \$41,300 | \$40,000 | 9.8\% |
| News Analysts, Reporters and Correspondents | \$37,300 | \$18,400 | \$46,700 | \$55,900 | 8.9\% |
| Carpenters | \$35,400 | \$26,500 | \$40,000 | \$49,600 | 8.2\% |
| Carpet, Floor, and Tile Installers and Finishers | \$33,400 | \$22,200 | \$35,400 | \$45,000 | 9.6\% |
| Photographers | \$33,000 | \$17,200 | \$44,700 | \$41,900 | -5.6\% |
| Dancers and Choreographers | \$32,500 | \$17,900 | \$37,100 | \$39,000 | 4.0\% |
| Pest Control Workers | \$32,500 | \$23,400 | \$39,600 | \$36,600 | 8.2\% |
| Construction Laborers | \$30,200 | \$23,000 | \$31,200 | \$38,900 | 12.4\% |
| Bus Drivers | \$27,300 | \$20,300 | \$31,500 | \$35,600 | 6.3\% |
| Bartenders | \$26,900 | \$17,200 | \$27,500 | \$26,300 | 2.5\% |
| Tellers | \$26,300 | \$20,400 | \$27,500 | \$28,900 | -8.3\% |
| Retail Salespersons | \$25,400 | \$17,200 | \$26,700 | \$27,500 | 1.7\% |
| Barbers, Hairdressers, Hairstylists and Cosmetologists | \$24,000 | \$17,500 | \$28,500 | \$30,500 | 13.0\% |

[^2]Source: Occupational Wages, JobsEQ, 2017 data, 23 Counties in East Texas.

Chart 5. 30 Least Paid Occupations in East Texas, Out of 457 (Annual Earnings)

|  | Occupation | East Texas <br> (Average) | East Texas <br> (Entry Level) | Texas <br> (Average) | USA <br> (Average) | Projected Growth* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 428 | Motion Picture Projectionists | \$23,300 | \$16,900 | \$24,400 | \$24,800 | -9.7\% |
| 429 | Textile Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders | \$23,300 | \$17,300 | \$24,900 | \$28,900 | -17.5\% |
| 430 | Miscellaneous Agricultural Workers | \$23,200 | \$17,900 | \$24,000 | \$26,300 | 4.4\% |
| 431 | Baggage Porters, Bellhops, and Concierges | \$23,000 | \$18,200 | \$24,200 | \$28,800 | 9.5\% |
| 432 | Bakers | \$23,000 | \$17,300 | \$25,800 | \$27,900 | 3.7\% |
| 433 | Fishers and Related Fishing Workers | \$22,400 | \$17,300 | \$22,100 | \$31,200 | 10.8\% |
| 434 | Misc. Food Preparation \& Ser. Related Workers | \$22,200 | \$16,900 | \$23,700 | \$24,400 | 6.1\% |
| 435 | Cooks | \$22,100 | \$17,300 | \$23,800 | \$25,400 | 6.1\% |
| 436 | Laundry and Dry-Cleaning Workers | \$22,100 | \$16,600 | \$22,800 | \$23,800 | -0.2\% |
| 437 | Sewing Machine Operators | \$22,100 | \$17,300 | \$23,400 | \$26,300 | -16.7\% |
| 438 | Parking Lot Attendants | \$22,000 | \$16,800 | \$23,000 | \$24,300 | 6.2\% |
| 439 | Nonfarm Animal Caretakers | \$21,800 | \$17,000 | \$23,100 | \$25,200 | 24.2\% |
| 440 | Teacher Assistants | \$21,600 | \$17,200 | \$23,500 | \$28,000 | 8.4\% |
| 441 | Building Cleaning Workers | \$21,600 | \$17,000 | \$22,900 | \$26,900 | 8.5\% |
| 442 | Graders and Sorters, Agricultural Products | \$21,600 | \$17,400 | \$23,800 | \$24,600 | -0.9\% |
| 443 | Miscellaneous Personal Care and Service Workers | \$21,500 | \$16,600 | \$22,100 | \$27,800 | 23.0\% |
| 444 | Food Preparation Workers | \$21,100 | \$17,100 | \$23,200 | \$23,900 | 7.9\% |
| 445 | Hotel, Motel, and Resort Desk Clerks | \$21,100 | \$16,700 | \$21,600 | \$24,300 | 4.4\% |
| 446 | Waiters and Waitresses | \$20,900 | \$16,700 | \$23,900 | \$25,300 | 7.0\% |
| 447 | Misc. Entertainment Attendants \& Rel. Workers | \$20,700 | \$16,600 | \$22,200 | \$23,700 | 11.4\% |
| 448 | Food Servers, Nonrestaurant | \$20,500 | \$17,100 | \$20,300 | \$24,200 | 10.2\% |
| 449 | Hosts, Restaurant, Lounge \& Coffee Shop | \$19,900 | \$16,500 | \$21,300 | \$22,300 | 6.9\% |
| 450 | Ushers, Lobby Attendants, and Ticket Takers | \$19,900 | \$16,600 | \$22,200 | \$22,600 | 7.5\% |
| 451 | Cashiers | \$19,700 | \$16,600 | \$21,100 | \$22,200 | -0.9\% |
| 452 | Pressers, Textile, Garment \& Related Materials | \$19,500 | \$17,300 | \$20,400 | \$23,100 | -6.7\% |
| 453 | Fast Food and Counter Workers | \$19,400 | \$16,800 | \$20,100 | \$21,400 | 15.2\% |
| 454 | Dishwashers | \$19,300 | \$16,900 | \$20,900 | \$22,200 | 4.3\% |
| 455 | Childcare Workers | \$19,300 | \$16,800 | \$21,600 | \$23,800 | 6.9\% |
| 456 | Personal Care Aides | \$19,300 | \$16,800 | \$19,300 | \$24,100 | 38.6\% |
| 457 | Dining Room, Cafeteria Att. \& Bartender Helpers | \$19,100 | \$16,800 | \$20,400 | \$23,100 | 7.1\% |

*Projected Growth Change 2016-2026; Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor. Source: Occupational Wages, JobsEQ, 2017 data, 23 Counties in East Texas.

The Hibbs Institute's mission is to provide expert research and analysis for businesses, local governments, and economic development councils with the aim of increasing economic activity and higher incomes in East Texas.

Services provided. East Texas Data, Economic Impact Analyses, Industry Contribution Analysis, Business Development Analysis, Labor Market Analysis, Feasibility Studies, Project Evaluation, Secondary Data Analysis, Policy Analysis; Investment Project Analysis; Economic Forecasting and Requested Data.

The full Hibbs team draws from a number of universities and includes expertise in economics, finance, management, marketing, accounting and business law. Team members include past university presidents, business professors, and leaders from CPA and other firms.

For more information, visit www.uttyler.edu/hibbs or call Jackie Richardson at 903.566.7365 E-mail us at HibbsInstitute@uttyler.edu


[^0]:    *East Texas is defined as a region with more than 1.1 million inhabitants in 23 counties: Anderson, Bowie, Camp, Cass, Cherokee, Delta, Franklin, Gregg, Harrison, Henderson, Hopkins, Lamar, Marion, Morris, Panola, Rains, Red River, Rusk, Smith, Titus, Upshur, Van Zandt, and Wood.

[^1]:    Note: The percentages shown in parentheses below the vertical bars give the share of all workers in each educational level and may not sum to 100 due to rounding.
    Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, 2017 Annual Social and Economic Supplement; Personal Income-03; calculations by the authors.

[^2]:    *Projected Growth Change 2016-2026; Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

