THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS AT TYLER



LASER SAFETY PROGRAM

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The University of Texas at Tyler LASER SAFETY PROGRAM

INTRODUCTION

The University of Texas at Tyler has established a Laser Safety Program to provide controls and safety guidance for research and educational activities involving lasers. This program is established to meet the requirements of 25 Texas Administrative Code 289.301 and to institute prudent safety practices. If any conflict occurs between this Program and the Texas Code, the latter shall prevail. The primary guidance document for safety practices is the American National Standards Institute Safe Use of Lasers (ANSI Z- 136.1).

University employees concerned with using lasers will comply with the procedures in this manual. The Director of Environmental Health and Safety is the person designated by the President as responsible for the Laser Safety Program and has the authority to set laser safety policy, suspend activities deemed unsafe, and require and direct remedial action where necessary.

PURPOSE

This manual is prepared to make individuals who work with lasers and laser systems aware of the risks, safe practices, requirements, and certain responsibilities.

This program applies to all lasers and laser systems operated under the authority of the University of Texas at Tyler. This includes acquisition, manufacture, registration, use, monitoring, transfer, and disposal of lasers. The proper implementation of this program will ensure that laser exposures are always below the maximum permissible exposure (MPE) limits.

RESPONSIBILITIES

Laser Safety Officer

The Laser Safety Officer (LSO) is responsible for the following, as a minimum:

- Ensure the proper classification of all lasers, including user modifications.
- Ensure proper registration of class 3B and 4 laser with the State of Texas.
- Perform hazard evaluations for all class 3B and 4 lasers and laser work areas.
- Specify control measures for all class 3B and 4 lasers and ensure implementation.
- Approve procedures, SOPs, laser eyewear, protective equipment, signs and labels.
- Inspect laser eyewear and other equipment, for proper condition and function.
- Ensure that all laser personnel receive appropriate safety training.

- Maintain accurate inventory of class 3B and 4 lasers.
- Monitor the program and ensure compliance with safe practices.
- Maintain program records.
- Implement State requirements for laser use.

The LSO shall have final authority in determining laser control measures and may approve alternate controls when these are appropriate based on the judgment of the LSO. Class 3B and class 4 lasers shall be operated only with the written approval of the LSO. The LSO shall have the authority to terminate laser operations at any time.

The LSO may appoint a Laser Safety Manager (LSM) and may delegate duties to the LSM in accordance with ANSI Z136.1.

Principal Investigator

The Principal Investigator (PI) shall be designated by the LSO for each class 3B or 4 laser. The PI shall have the responsibility and authority to ensure laser safety compliance for their personnel and equipment. The PI is responsible for the following, as a minimum:

- Ensure all lasers have been properly classified
- Ensure proper registration of class 3B and 4 lasers with the LSO
- Have direct accountability for all class 3B and 4 lasers and laser work areas
- Implement approved control measures for all class 3B and 4 lasers
- Generate SOPs for laser use and alignment, and submit to LSO
- Ensure that all laser personnel receive appropriate safety training
- Actively ensure lab practices are in compliance with safety requirements
- Maintain records of laser purchases, use, transfer, and disposal

Employees Working with Lasers

Employees who work with class 3B or 4 lasers with the beam exposed shall:

- Energize or work with lasers only when authorized to do so.
- Comply with laser safety rules and work procedures.
- Notify their supervisor, lab safety contact, or the LSO in case of potential accident or injury, or in case of a suspected unsafe condition.

LASER CLASSES

<u>Class 1</u> laser systems are incapable of producing damaging radiation levels during normal operation and are exempt from any control measures. Class 1 laser systems may contain embedded higher class lasers and may produce laser hazards if operated with interlocks defeated. Only authorized personnel may operate those class 1 laser systems with interlocks defeated.

<u>Class 1M</u> laser systems are incapable of producing hazardous exposure conditions during normal operation unless the beam is viewed with optical instruments.

<u>Class 2</u> laser systems emit visible light only at a power level of 1 milliwatt or less. The normal aversion response to bright light is adequate protection. Staring into the beam of a class 2 laser is hazardous.

<u>Class 2M</u> laser systems emit visible light only. The normal aversion response to bright light is adequate protection for unaided viewing. However, viewing the beam with optical aids is potentially hazardous.

<u>Class 3A/R</u> laser systems are potentially hazardous under some viewing conditions, but the probability of an actual injury is small, and the control measures for safe use are straightforward.

<u>Class 3B</u> laser systems shall be operated only in laser controlled areas by authorized operators. Operators of class 3B laser systems shall receive approved laser safety training. A written Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) is required for class 3B laser operation. Class 3B laser systems are eye hazards for intrabeam viewing and specular reflections, even for momentary exposures, but diffuse reflections are not usually hazardous.

<u>Class 4</u> laser systems are eye hazards and skin hazards for intrabeam exposures, specular reflections, and diffuse reflections. They are also fire hazards and may produce laser generated air contaminants. Class 4 laser systems shall be operated only in laser controlled areas by authorized operators. Operators of class 4 laser systems shall receive approved laser safety training. A written SOP is required for class 4 laser operation.

LASER RADIATION

All class 3B and 4 lasers shall be properly documented and registered with the State of Texas. The agency currently responsible for enforcing State laser regulations is the Texas Department of State Health Services, Radiation Control Program.

TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

All operators of class 3B and 4 lasers and laser systems and all incidental personnel or spectators who may be allowed to enter laser controlled areas shall receive approved laser safety training before operating the laser or entering laser controlled areas.

NOTIFICATIONS AND REPORTS

Notification of laser injuries will be made to the State by telephone as soon as practical, but not to exceed 24 hours from the time of the incident. A written report on the incident and any injuries sustained will be made to the State within 30 days of the incident.

MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE

Response to laser injuries will be handled on a case-by-case basis, with emphasis on limiting injury and regaining health. Written guidelines shall be available, for immediate actions and ongoing treatment, and for administrative processes. Laser personnel shall report any suspected hazardous exposure to the LSO immediately. Baseline eye exams are not required. A medical eye exam may be required immediately following a suspected hazardous exposure, under the guidance of medical personnel.

CONTROL MEASURES

All class 3B and 4 lasers shall be operated in a laser controlled area. The requirements for individual laser controlled areas shall be determined by the LSO. The minimum requirements for laser controlled areas are:

Entryway controls to allow only authorized personnel or approved spectators to enter the laser control area. (Administrative controls are acceptable.)

- Conspicuously posted sign or signs, giving adequate instruction for the protection of personnel.
- Laser safety eyewear available and used in accordance with the SOP for class 3B and class 4 lasers.
- Beam control (barriers and beam blocks) to limit laser hazards within the controlled area.
- Written SOP (see Appendix A) for class 3B and class 4 lasers.
- Training of operators of all class 3B and 4 lasers.

EYEWEAR POLICY

Laser safety eyewear is normally required for the operation of class 3B and class 4 lasers with exposed beams. The LSO will require eyewear or approve laser operation without eyewear on an individual basis, based on a hazard evaluation performed by the LSO.

Eyewear shall be selected for providing an adequate level of protection from the laser and for suitability to the wearer and environment. Eyewear shall be inspected annually to ensure that the protection level has not degraded through use and beam exposure.

AUDITS

An audit of all class 3B and 4 lasers and the Laser Safety Program shall be conducted annually by the LSO or designee.

LAB SURVEYS

A laboratory laser survey (see Appendix B) is required for all class 3B and 4 lasers. The PI will complete the survey each semester and submit a copy to EH&S.

RECORDS

The LSO shall maintain records which document the Laser Safety Program. These records shall include:

- Laser hazard analysis reports for all class 3B and 4 lasers.
- Training records for all operators of class 3B and 4 lasers.
- Standard Operating Procedures for all class 3B and 4 lasers.
- Approvals of alternate laser control measures.
- Laser Safety Audit reports.
- Laser Inventory.
- Laser Accidents and Incidents.

Specific records and retention periods are required by State regulation. These records will also be maintained by the LSO, and will be available for inspection at the request of State agents.

APPENDIX A

The University of Texas at Tyler LASER SAFETY STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE (SOP)

Department/Laboratory:		Date:
Procedure #:		Revision Number:
Αι	uthor:	
>	This procedure shall be reathe SOP.	nd and signed annually by all persons who use lasers listed in
>	This procedure shall be rev	riewed <u>every two years</u> by the LSS to ensure it reflects the most
1.	LASER SAFETY CONTACT	s
	Laboratory Laser Safe	ety Supervisor (LSS)
	Phone number	
	University Laser Safe	ty Officer Chris Frydenlund
	Phone number(90	3) 566-6168 (Office) / After business hours (903) 566-7300
	Maintenance/Repair _	
	Phone number	
	Medical Emergencies	
		2. Notify the Laboratory LSS and University LSO of all laser

2. LASER DESCRIPTION

Attach latest Laser Inventory (available from Laser Safety Supervisor). Update as required.

related injuries and near misses as soon as possible.

3. LASER SAFETY PROGRAM

The following, as a minimum, shall be addressed in the program:

- Responsibilities of the laser operator/user and Laser Safety Supervisor
- Laser Permit Requirements
- > SOP, Training Requirements, and Interlocks
- > Eyewear Requirements, including annual eyewear inspections
- Sign and Labeling Requirements
- Non-radiation Hazards

Maintain a copy of the Texas Regulations for Control of Laser Radiation Hazards (§289.301).

4. HAZARDS & CONTROLS

HAZARDS AND CONTROLS Check if **HAZARD** CONTROL(S) applicable High Voltage Capacitors Unenclosed Beam Access to Beam Fumes/Vapors Ultraviolet Radiation or Blue Light **Compressed Gases** Hazardous Chemicals/Waste Housekeeping Reflective Material in Beam Path Fire Laser at eye level of person sitting or standing Infrared Lasers Correct Eyewear

COMMENTS:

ADDITIONAL CONTROLS Check if **CONTROL COMMENTS** applicable Entryway (door) Interlocks or Controls Laser Enclosure Interlocks Laser Housing Interlocks Panic Button **Emergency Stop** Infrared Laser must terminate in fire-resistant material and the Beam Stops absorber must be inspected at least quarterly¹ Master Switch (operated by key or computer code) Laser Secured to Base

COMMENTS:

¹ Required by 25TAC§289.301(s)(1)

5. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

A. Eyewear

	LASER EYEWEAR	
For this Laser		Wear this Eyewear

Acquisition date	Туре	Wavelength (nm)	Wavelength Attenuated (nm)	Optical Density (OD)	Remarks
(example) Aug 99	CO2	10,600	10,600	At least 3.5	Glendale-white frames

Identify each set of laser protective eyewear with a unique designation (name or number).

The following check shall be done annually. Discard unfit eyewear.

Item	Comments	Date/Initial
Adequate pairs of eyewear for all needs.		
Eyewear specific to wavelength		
OD appropriate for full range of power; alignment to power ops		
Fit snugly		
Labeled for wavelength and OD		
Free of damage excessive scratches		

What (item):		item):	And is available from (where)	which must be worn (when):
6.		PERATING PROCED		
	A.	Initial preparation of interlock activated, in	lab environment for normal operation dentification of personnel, other)	on (key position, warning light on,
	B.	Target area prepara	tion	
	C.	Operation procedure	es are as follows:	
	D.	Shutdown procedure	es for this laser are as follows:	
	E.	Special procedures	alignment, safety tests, interlock by	/pass, emergency, etc.)

7. OPERATOR REVIEW (General Laser Safety Training Certificate, System Specific Training by Laboratory LSS)

I have read this procedure and understand and will comply with its contents.

Name (print)	<u>Signature</u>	<u>Date</u>

APPENDIX B

The University of Texas at Tyler LABORATORY LASER SURVEY

1.	Labels and Sign	s	YES-NO-N/A
		Is the correct warning label affixed to the laser?	
		Are signs posted clearly near the laser?	
		Is the room posted?	
		Is a label, sign, or warning posted near the aperture?	
		Is a label or warning posted near an interlock?	
2.	Engineering Cor	ntrols	
		Does each laser have a keyswitch or code?	
		Is appropriate Safety eyewear provided and present?	
		Is the eyewear permanently and prominently labeled	
		for optical density and wavelength?	
		Do Safety Covers have interlocks?	
		Are latches or interlocks provided to restrict access	
		to the Controlled Area?	
		Are all warning devices functioning within design	
		specifications?	-
		Are any items in or near beam paths which could cause	
		specular reflections?	
		Is a physical barrier present at the Controlled Area entry?	
3.	Procedural Cont	trols	
		Is each laser registered properly?	
		Is a Laser Safety Supervisor present?	
		Is access to the Controlled Area restricted?	
		Does each person have required training?	
		Is the SOP for the laser present at the control?	
		Are curtains in place and used (If required)?	
		Is documentation available?	

APPENDIX C

The University of Texas at Tyler NON-RADITION LASER HAZARDS SURVEY

	ITEM	YES/NO/NA
1.	Electrical	
	Are there any exposed wiring terminals or connections?	
	Is a positive On/off switch available and connected?	
	Are all connections permanent (Screwed or clamped)?	
	Are personnel trained in CPR?	
	Is access to the power supply controlled?	
2.	Chemical (If applicable)	
	Is personal protective equipment available (Gloves, etc.)?	
	Is a Material Safety Data Sheet available?	
	Is absorbent or diluent available?	
	Are personnel trained in the hazards of the chemical?	
3.	Cutting Edge (If applicable)	
	Is the cutting edge identified prominently?	
	Are personnel trained in safety for this hazard?	
4.	Compressed Gases (If applicable)	
	Is the gas cylinder properly secured and connected?	
	Is an MSDS available for the gas (If required)?	
	Are personnel trained in safety for this hazard?	
5.	Ventilation	
	Is proper ventilation present for the laser space?	
6.	Noise	
	Are noise levels excessive?	
	Is hearing protection available?	
	Are personnel trained in safety for this hazard?	
7.	Confining Space, Explosion, Physical Safety (As applicable)	
	Is the hazard identified?	
	Is training provided in safety for this hazard?	
	Is protective equipment available?	