Peer Observation Processes Soules College of Business The University of Texas at Tyler

Statement of purpose of peer observation process:

The purpose of this policy is to honor the importance of teaching by providing a system for formative feedback designed to strengthen teaching in the Soules College of Business at the University of Texas at Tyler. The university recognizes the essential contribution of its faculty members to the quality of students' education and learning experiences and supports faculty development in all aspects of instruction. An effective tool for faculty development is formative peer observation of teaching, which involves a constructive and open review of teaching for the sole purpose of fostering improvement.

The goal of the peer observation process is to improve teaching and student learning and should serve as a tool for mentoring. The peer observation process should foster a culture of teaching excellence through collegial dialogue. Thus, the outcome of the faculty peer observation process should be a reflective summary written by the observed faculty member describing any steps taken or changes made towards the enhancement of teaching and improvement of student learning.

A. Frequency of Peer Observations:

For tenure track Assistant Professors, peer observations will be conducted every other year unless an unfavorable review determines the need for additional observations.

Tenured faculty will have a peer observation every three years. If a post-tenure review determines that a tenured faculty member needs to improve in the area of teaching, more frequent peer observations can be scheduled.

Beginning fall 2015 full-time lecturers, senior lecturers, visiting faculty, and clinical faculty would be observed every three years.

The Associate Dean will develop and maintain a rotation schedule for observations.

B. Timeline for peer observation process:

Chairpersons should identify and notify each faculty member who will be observed by a peer at least two weeks prior to the beginning of that semester. The chairperson and faculty member should determine in which course the observation will occur and in which semester. A recommended timeline is provided below.

Timeline	Action	Responsible Party
At least two weeks* prior to	Provide Faculty Member with	Department chair or unit head
first day of the semester.	department guidelines.	or equivalent
No later than the third week of	Provide the names of three	Faculty Member
the semester.	acceptable Observers to chair.	
No later than fourth week of	Assign Peer Observer	Department chair
semester.		
No later than fifth week of	Meet to discuss teaching	Faculty Member and Peer
semester.	materials and set date(s) for	Observer.
	observation.	
No later than twelfth week of	Peer observation(s)	Peer Observer
semester.		
Within one week of	Post-observation meeting	Faculty Member and Peer
observation.		Observer
No later than last day of class.	Peer Observation Report	Faculty Member
	provided to chair.	

^{*} In the event a faculty member is hired within one month of the beginning of a semester, their observation would be moved to the next semester to allow reasonable notification.

Section A of the Peer Observation Report will be provided to the department chair or unit head or equivalent (or to the dean in the event the faculty member being observed is the department chair) no later than the last day of classes for the semester in which the observation takes place. The department chair, unit head, or equivalent or dean will file the report with the Faculty Member's record.

By October 1 each year, the unit responsible for peer observation of teaching will submit to the Provost's office a list of faculty who were observed during the prior academic year.

C. Process for identifying peer observers

All full-time faculty in the Soules College of Business may serve as Peer Observers. Faculty members will generally conduct no more than two peer observations in any academic year.

D. Description of how detailed guidance and opportunity for training will be provided to observers:

Before peer observations are conducted peer observers shall be provided detailed guidance and opportunities for training on effective observation procedures using observation instruments, pre- and post- observation conferencing, and on the preparation of summary statements based on observations.

E. Assurance that observed faculty members will have a say in the selection of peer observers

Faculty members will submit three peer observers from a list of approved observers. The observer may come from any department within the Soules College of Business, but must be at least at the same rank as the instructor.

F. Number of visits per observation

The number of observations is at the discretion of the faculty member and peer observer. A minimum of one visit is required.

G. Assurance that class visits will occur only after prior notification and discussion with the faculty member being observed:

Observations will be conducted in accordance with the table in section B. of this document.

H. In classes consisting of lecture and lab will both lecture and lab be observed?

In classes consisting of lecture and lab the number of observations is at the discretion of the faculty member and peer observer.

I. Description of content of peer observation report: (Refer to Appendix A for required content.)

- i. Number and title of course observed
- ii. Date of report
- iii. Name and signature of observer
- iv. Date of pre-observation meeting between observer and instructor, at which the syllabus and assignments are reviewed, special instructor concerns are addressed, and a mutually agreed class and date are specified
- v. Date of classroom or online observation
- vi. An instrument that reflects methods by which instructor engages students in active learning
- vii. Date of post-observation meeting of observer with instructor, at which the observation was discussed

viii. Instructor's signature affirming that the discussions took place

and Sections B and C.

J. Attach observation instrument(s) that will be used by the unit.

Peer observation instrument is in Appendix B below.

Description of requirements for pre- and post-observation meetings.

The purpose of the pre-observation meeting between the peer observer and instructor is to help the observer understand the context of the classroom, receive and review a copy of the syllabus and selected instructional materials, address special instructor concerns, and mutually agree on a class and date for the observation. The observation instrument will be reviewed and discussed as part of the pre-observation conference. For online courses the aforementioned information can be shared electronically through the use of appropriate technologies.

A post observation conference must take place soon after the observation. During the post-observation session the instructor will receive a Peer Observation Report prepared by the peer observer. The report will include observed strengths and suggested areas for improvement (Section B). Feedback should be constructive, specific, focused, action oriented, clear, honest and positively phrased. The instructor will prepare a summary statement on how he/she will use suggestions from the observation Section C).

K. Statement regarding the confidential nature of the peer observation report and pre-and post-observation meetings.

The Peer Observation Report is considered "collegial communication" between observer and instructor. Section B of the Observation Report is considered to be confidential and will not be submitted to the department by the observer. It may be given to the department by the instructor.

Approved by:		
Dean:	Date:	
Provost:	Date:	

Appendix A Peer Observation Report Requirements

Section A (This section must be included in T&P package)

Faculty Member:	Date:
Course:	
Observer:	
Date of Pre-Observation Meeting:	
Date of Observation:	-
Date of Post-Observation Meeting:	
Peer Observer's Signature	
Instructor's Signature Affirming the Discussion	ns Occurred

	Section B and given to faculty member by peer observer)
(Narrative prepared by observed facult	Section C ty member describing what was learned from the bservation)

Appendix B Peer Observation instrument

Peer Observation Checklist

Faculty member being observed		Course	
Observer		Date	
	Observed		
	Observed (check if yes)	Comments	
Faculty colleague clearly	(cricck ii yes)		
communicates			
the purpose of class session and			
instructional activities.			
Faculty colleague uses concrete			
examples and illustrations that			
clarify the material.			
Faculty colleague uses a variety of			
activities to ensure all students			
are engaged.			
Faculty colleague challenges			
students to			
think analytically.			
Faculty colleague uses activities in			
class to determine whether			
students			
understand course material.			
Faculty colleague fosters student-			
to student interaction.			
Faculty colleague links new			
material to previously learned			
concepts.			
Faculty colleague uses visuals and			
handouts where appropriate to			
accompany verbal presentation.			
Faculty colleague requires students			
to be active (e.g., completing a			
task, applying concepts, or			
engaging in discussion instead of			
passively listening).			
Students are comfortable asking			
questions.			
Students actively participate in			
class activities and discussion.			

Include comments on next page

Additional comments/observations:
Major strengths demonstrated by faculty colleague in this peer observation:
Suggested areas for faculty colleague's improvement based upon this peer observation:
Source: www.albany.edu/teachingandlearning/tir/peer_obs/ , Adapted for The University of Texas at Tyler Soules College of Business